

Q1 2014

FINANCIAL + OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS ⁽¹⁾

Unaudited (Cdn \$, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Financial			
Petroleum and natural gas sales, net of royalties	6,419,719	3,891,140	65
Funds generated by operations ⁽²⁾	3,067,758	1,115,649	175
Per share basic	0.03	0.01	200
Per share diluted ⁽³⁾	0.03	0.01	200
Net income (loss)	179,661	(1,153,625)	(116)
Per share basic	-	(0.01)	(100)
Per share diluted ⁽³⁾	-	(0.01)	(100)
Capital expenditures - Exploration and development ⁽⁴⁾	1,931,988	480,220	302
Capital expenditures - Acquisitions and dispositions ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	n/a
Net debt and working capital surplus (deficit) ⁽²⁾	(18,495,587)	(9,307,723)	99
Operating			
Production			
Crude oil and natural gas liquids (Bbls per day)	734	612	20
Natural gas (Mcf per day)	1,285	1,806	(29)
Barrels of oil equivalent (Boe per day) ⁽⁵⁾	948	913	4
Average realized price			
Crude oil and natural gas liquids (\$ per Bbl)	97.12	75.54	29
Natural gas (\$ per Mcf)	5.82	2.95	97
Barrels of oil equivalent (\$ per Boe) ⁽⁵⁾	83.09	56.47	47
Netback (\$ per Boe) ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾			
Petroleum and natural gas sales	83.09	56.47	47
Royalties	7.84	9.12	(14)
Operating expenses	24.42	21.77	12
Transportation expenses	4.93	2.02	144
Operating Netback (\$ per Boe) ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾	45.90	23.56	95
Undeveloped land holdings (gross acres)			
(net acres)	118,979	202,579	(41)
	112,852	182,006	(38)
Common Shares (000's)			
Common shares outstanding, end of period	88,658	88,658	-
Weighted average common shares (basic)	88,658	88,658	-
Weighted average common shares (diluted) ⁽³⁾	88,658	88,658	-

(1) Consolidated financial and operating highlights for LGX Oil + Gas Inc. and all of its subsidiaries ("LGX" or the "Company").

(2) Management uses funds generated by operations, net debt and working capital surplus (deficit) and operating netback to analyze operating performance and leverage. These terms, as presented, do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by International Financial Reporting Standards and therefore they may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures for other entities.

(3) In calculating the net income (loss) per share diluted, the Company excludes the effect of outstanding stock options and share warrants outstanding and uses the weighted average common shares (basic) where the Company has a net loss for the period. In calculating, funds generated by operations per share diluted, the Company includes the effect of outstanding stock options and share warrants using the treasury stock method.

(4) Refer to Capital Expenditures in the Management Discussion and Analysis for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

(5) Boe means barrel of oil equivalent. All Boe conversions in this report are derived by converting natural gas to oil equivalent at a ratio of six thousand cubic feet of natural gas to one barrel of oil equivalent. Boe may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A Boe conversion rate of 1 Boe : 6 Mcf is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. Given that the value ratio of oil compared to natural gas based on currently prevailing prices is significantly different than the energy equivalency ratio of 1 Boe : 6 Mcf, utilizing a conversion ratio of 1 Boe : 6 Mcf may be misleading as an indication of value.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- Increased average production from 913 Boe per day in the first quarter of 2013 to 948 Boe per day in the first quarter of 2014 (4 percent increase); increased oil production from 612 Boe per day in the first quarter of 2013 to 734 Boe per day in the first quarter of 2014 (20 percent increase)
- Increased oil and NGL's production weighting from 67 percent in the first quarter of 2013 to 77 percent in the first quarter of 2014
- Increased funds generated from operations of \$1.1 million (\$0.01 per share) in the first quarter of 2013 to a record \$3.1 million (\$0.03 per share) in the first quarter of 2014 (175 percent increase)
- Increased operating netbacks from \$23.56 per Boe in the first quarter of 2013 to \$45.90 per Boe in the first quarter of 2014 (95 percent increase)

OPERATIONS REVIEW

Bakken

The Company continues to generate drilling locations and acquire surveys on its emerging Alberta Bakken play, following the success of the 14-2-9-24W4 ("14-2") Big Valley (Three Forks) discovery well on the Blood Reserve. The 14-2 well produced 445 Bbl per day of light oil for the first 60 days of production and is currently producing at a restricted Maximum Rate Limitation (MRL) of 250 Bbl oil per day with capability in excess of 400 Bbl per day of light oil. Initial approval on the first follow-up well has been received and environmental assessments will begin in mid May on further locations.

Manyberries

LGX continues to operate its Manyberries property in accordance with the provisions of the previously announced order for the protection of the Greater Sage-Grouse (the "Emergency Order") and is continuing to work with Environment Canada to get additional clarity on the practical application of the Emergency Order. The Company expects to be in a position to formulate long-term plans for this area in the coming months.

OUTLOOK

LGX has budgeted to drill two horizontal development wells, which are expected to spud in the second and third quarters of 2014, along with performing re-completions of previously drilled wells based on the 2013 drilling success. Analysis of the 3-D seismic has indicated an area of potentially highly fractured reservoir adjacent to a vertical well drilled in 2012. The Company has also identified significant potential in uphole zones above the Big Valley.

LGX is on track to meet its previously announced production guidance and the management team continues to aggressively pursue opportunities that improve the upside potential, sustainability and autonomy of LGX.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

The following management discussion and analysis ("MD&A"), as provided by the management of LGX Oil + Gas Inc. ("LGX" or the "Company") of the financial condition and performance of LGX for the three months ended March 31, 2014, as of May 12, 2014, is to be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and related notes for the period ended March 31, 2014 and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 and notes thereto. The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and interpretations (collectively referred to as "IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). All tabular amounts are stated in Canadian dollars unless indicated otherwise.

Emergency Order for the Protection of the Greater Sage-Grouse

On February 18, 2014, an Emergency Order for the Protection of the Greater Sage-Grouse pursuant to *the Species at Risk Act* (Canada) ("Emergency Order") to address the imminent threats to the survival and recovery of the Greater Sage-Grouse, including protecting the habitat in southeast Alberta and southwest Saskatchewan identified in the order to help stabilize the Sage-Grouse population and begin its recovery, came into effect. A copy of the Emergency Order is attached to the material change report of LGX dated January 3, 2014. The material change report has been filed on SEDAR and may be reviewed under LGX's profile at the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

As at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, LGX has been in full compliance with the Province of Alberta's comprehensive legislative and regulatory framework for the protection of the Greater Sage-Grouse which has been in place since 1996.

LGX has concluded that the Emergency Order has the potential to have a significant adverse effect on LGX's ability to maintain and increase production at Manyberries and to prevent the drilling of new wells there and may result in potential revisions to the reserves attributable to the Manyberries property in any future estimate of such reserves.

The Company has not made provision for any impairment losses of its Manyberries property as at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and based on management's best estimates, the \$38.2 million carrying amount of its net assets in the Manyberries area at March 31, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$38.8 million) is recoverable as the Company: (i) continues to operate its Manyberries property in accordance with the prohibitions of the Emergency Order; (ii) is seeking an order of the Federal Court quashing the Emergency Order; and (iii) may pursue compensation for losses arising from any impact to LGX's operations at Manyberries pursuant to the provisions of the *Species at Risk Act* (Canada).

Non-IFRS Measures

The MD&A contains the term funds generated by operations, which should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than cash flow from operating activities as determined in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of the Company's performance. Funds generated by operations is a measure not defined in IFRS that is commonly used in the oil and gas industry and is a benchmark LGX uses to evaluate its performance. Funds generated by operations represent cash provided by operating activities before changes in non-cash working capital and transaction costs. The Company considers it a key measure as it demonstrates the ability of the Company's continuing operations to generate the cash flow necessary to fund future growth through capital investment and to repay debt. LGX's determination of funds generated by operations may not be comparable to that reported by other companies. The Company also presents funds generated by operations per share and per share diluted whereby per share amounts are calculated using weighted average shares outstanding consistent with the calculation of earnings per share and diluted earnings per share. Funds generated by operations as presented is not intended to represent cash flow from operating activities, net income (loss) or other measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS.

The following table reconciles the cash flow from operating activities to funds generated by operations for the Company:

(\$)	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Cash flow generated by (used) in operating activities	426,249	(3,426,800)	(112)
Transaction costs	-	35,700	(100)
Changes in non-cash working capital	2,641,509	4,506,749	(41)
Funds generated by operations	3,067,758	1,115,649	175

The MD&A contains the term netback and operating netback to analyze financial and operating performance. This benchmark as presented does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and prior thereto, Canadian GAAP and therefore may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures for other entities. Operating netback is used by research analysts to compare operating performance and the Company's ability to maintain current operations and meet the forecasted capital program. The Company's operating netback is the net result of the Company's revenue (consisting of petroleum and natural gas sales, net of royalties), operating expenses and transportation expenses, as found in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, divided by production for the period.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

The MD&A contains the term net debt and working capital surplus (deficit). The Company uses net debt and working capital surplus (deficit) to evaluate financial leverage. Net debt and working capital surplus (deficit) includes the Company's bank debt plus total current liabilities less total current assets. The following table reconciles the net debt and working capital surplus (deficit) as presented by the Company:

(\$)	As at March 31 2014	As at December 31 2013
Total current assets	4,205,105	5,096,827
Total current liabilities	(22,700,692)	(24,732,691)
Net debt and working capital deficit	(18,495,587)	(19,635,864)

Financial Presentation - Certain prior period comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in the current period.

Boe Presentation – Boe means barrel of oil equivalent. All Boe conversions in the report are derived by converting gas to oil at the ratio of six thousand cubic feet of natural gas to one barrel of oil equivalent. Boe may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A Boe conversion rate of 1 Boe : 6 Mcf is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. Given that the value ratio of oil compared to natural gas based on currently prevailing prices is significantly different than the energy equivalency ratio of 1 Boe : 6 Mcf, utilizing a conversion ratio of 1 Boe : 6 Mcf may be misleading as an indication of value.

Forward-Looking Information – This MD&A and the accompanying President's Message contain forward-looking statements. More particularly, they contain forward-looking statements concerning: (i) the productive capacity of the 14-2 well, (ii) planned drilling and development activities, (iii) the Company being on track to meet its previously announced production guidance, (iv) the potential impact of the Emergency Order on LGX's operations, reserves and financial position, (v) the resolution of third party gas processing issues in the second quarter of 2014, (vi) expected decreases in workovers and operating expenses, (vii) the sufficiency of the LGX's liquidity to fund operating, interest and general and administrative expenses, (viii) the collectability of receivables, (ix) estimated decommissioning liabilities and the timing of expenditures to satisfy decommissioning liabilities, (x) the expected timing to satisfy accounts payable and (xi) the anticipated sufficiency of the present sources of capital and budgeted cash flows for 2014 to satisfy the Board approved capital program for 2014.

The forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A and accompanying President's Message are based on certain key expectations and assumptions made by LGX, including the operational parameters specifically set out in the President's Message and expectations and assumptions concerning: (i) the application of the Emergency Order and the Species at Risk Act (Canada), (ii) the success of future drilling, development and completion activities, (iii) the performance of existing wells, (iv) the performance of new wells, (v) the availability and performance of facilities and pipelines, (vi) the geological characteristics of LGX's properties, (vii) the successful application of drilling, completion and seismic technology, (viii) prevailing weather and break-up conditions, commodity prices, royalty regimes and exchange rates, (ix) the application of regulatory and licensing requirements, and (x) the availability of capital, labour and services.

Although LGX believes that the expectations and assumptions on which the forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on the forward-looking statements because LGX can give no assurance that they will prove to be correct. Since forward-looking statements address future events and conditions, by their very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those currently anticipated due to a number of factors and risks. These include, but are not limited to, risks associated with the oil and gas industry in general (e.g., operational risks in development, exploration and production; the uncertainty of reserve estimates; the uncertainty of estimates and projections relating to production, costs and expenses, and health, safety and environmental risks), constraint in the availability of services, commodity price and exchange rate fluctuations, adverse weather or break-up conditions and uncertainties resulting from potential delays or changes in plans with respect to exploration or development projects or capital expenditures, uncertainties as to the application and impact of the Emergency Order and uncertainties as to the outcome of efforts by LGX to quash or amend the Emergency Order or to obtain compensation for losses related to the Emergency Order. These and other risks are set out in more detail in this MD&A under the heading "Risk Assessment" and in LGX's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2013 dated March 24, 2014.

The forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A and accompanying President's Message are made as of the date hereof and the Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless so required by applicable securities laws.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Production

	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Daily Production			
Crude oil and natural gas liquids (Bbls per day)	734	612	20
Natural gas (Mcf per day)	1,285	1,806	(29)
Total (Boe per day)	948	913	4

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, LGX's production was 948 Boe per day compared to 913 Boe per day for the same period in the prior year. This increase is due to the successful drilling, completion and tie-in efforts in the Alberta Bakken in the fourth quarter of 2013. Crude oil and natural gas liquids production for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was 734 Bbls per day (2013 – 612 Bbls per day) while natural gas production was 1,285 Mcf per day (2013 – 1,806 Mcf per day). Oil volumes have increased from the prior year period as a result of successful drilling, completion and tie-in activities in the Company's Alberta Bakken property offset partially by natural declines in the Manyberries property. Natural gas volumes have decreased compared to the same period in the prior year due to third party processing issues. The Company is hoping to have these issues resolved in the second quarter of 2014.

Realized Commodity Prices

	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Daily Average Benchmark Prices			
Crude oil – WTI (US\$ per Bbl)	98.61	94.34	5
Crude oil – WTI (\$ per Bbl)	108.80	95.15	14
Crude oil – Edmonton Par (\$ per Bbl)	99.97	88.66	13
Natural gas – AECO-C Spot (\$ per Mcf)	5.57	3.08	81
Exchange rate – (US/CAD)	0.906	0.991	(9)
LGX's average realized prices			
Crude oil and natural gas liquids (\$ per Bbl)	97.12	75.54	29
Natural gas (\$ per Mcf)	5.82	2.95	97
Barrels of oil equivalent (\$ per Boe)	83.09	56.47	47

LGX's realized price for its crude oil and natural gas liquids sales in the first quarter of 2014 was \$97.12 per Bbl (2013 – \$75.54) compared to a C\$ WTI price of \$108.80 per Bbl (2013 - \$95.15 per Bbl). LGX's oil production is light sweet crude produced in southern Alberta. The increase in the realized oil and natural gas liquids price in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the same period in the prior year is due to the Alberta Bakken oil production in the first quarter of 2014, which had a higher realized price than that produced by the Company's Manyberries property.

For the first quarter of 2014, the Company's realized price for its natural gas was \$5.82 per Mcf (2013 – \$2.95) compared to an AECO-C price of \$5.57 per Mcf (2013- \$3.08).

Revenue

	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
<i>(\$, except per Boe and percent amounts)</i>			
Petroleum and natural gas sales by product			
Crude oil and natural gas liquids	6,416,067	4,160,612	54
Natural gas	672,755	479,914	40
Total petroleum and natural gas sales	7,088,822	4,640,526	53
\$ per Boe	83.09	56.47	47
Royalties			
Royalties	669,103	749,386	(11)
\$ per Boe	7.84	9.12	(14)
% of petroleum and natural gas sales	9.4	16.1	(42)
Revenue			
Petroleum and natural gas sales, net of royalties	6,419,719	3,891,140	65
\$ per Boe	75.25	47.35	59

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, LGX's petroleum and natural gas sales were \$7,088,822 compared to \$4,640,526 during the same period in 2013. The increase can be attributed to higher average realized prices and higher production volumes related to successful drilling efforts in the Alberta Bakken in the fourth quarter of 2013.

Royalties consist of royalties to provincial governments, freehold landowners and overriding royalty owners. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, total royalties were \$669,103 compared to \$749,386 for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The Company's average royalty rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was 9.4 percent compared to 16.1 percent in the prior year. The decrease in total royalties and royalty rate are due to lower royalty assessments on production from the Alberta Bakken during the first quarter of 2014. Royalties are calculated based on commodity revenue, net of associated transportation costs, well productivity and before any commodity hedging gains or losses.

Operating and Transportation Expenses

<i>(\$, except per Boe amounts)</i>	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Operating expenses	2,083,111	1,788,845	16
\$ per Boe	24.42	21.77	12
Transportation expenses	420,405	165,631	154
\$ per Boe	4.93	2.02	144
Total operating costs	2,503,516	1,954,476	28
\$ per Boe	29.35	23.79	23

Total operating costs during the first quarter of 2014 were \$2,503,516, compared to \$1,954,476 in the prior year. The increase in total operating costs is attributable to increased production volumes in the first quarter of 2014 related to successful drilling efforts in the Alberta Bakken in the fourth quarter of 2014. On a per Boe basis, operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2014 were \$24.42 (2013 - \$21.77). On a per Boe basis, transportation expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2014 were \$4.93 (2013 - \$2.02). Both the increase in operating and transportation expenses relate to the Alberta Bakken well. While production from this well has been prolific on a per Boe basis, the operating costs are slightly higher than those shown in other LGX fields due primarily to economies of scale. As the play develops, the Company expects these costs to decrease. Transportation infrastructure on the wells is currently not in place therefore oil from the wells must be trucked resulting in increased transportation expense per Boe. Again, as the play develops and infrastructure is added, the Company expects these costs to decrease. Total operating costs (including operating and transportation expenses) on a per Boe basis were \$29.35 (2013 - \$23.79).

Exploration and Evaluation Expenses

<i>(\$)</i>	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Exploration and evaluation expenses	270,392	455,896	(41)

During the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company recorded \$270,392 of exploration and evaluation expenses compared to \$455,896 in the same period in the prior year. The exploration and evaluation expenses in 2014 are mainly attributable to expiration of land leases in the Alberta Bakken area.

Depletion and Depreciation

<i>(\$, except per Boe amounts)</i>	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Depletion and depreciation	2,202,916	1,909,271	15
\$ per Boe	25.82	23.24	11

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, depletion and depreciation expense was \$2,202,916 (2013 - \$1,909,271). The increase is primarily due to higher production volumes in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the same period in the prior year as well as new depletion added in the fourth quarter of 2013 as a result of the Alberta Bakken exploration and evaluation assets reclassified to petroleum and natural gas assets during the quarter. On a per Boe basis, depletion and depreciation for the first quarter of 2014 was \$25.82 (2013 - \$23.24). This increase, on a per Boe basis, is due to higher depletion rates of new Alberta Bakken petroleum and natural gas properties reclassified from exploration and evaluation assets in the fourth quarter of 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

General and Administrative Expenses

(\$, except per Boe amounts)	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
General and administrative expenses	785,150	708,529	11
Recoveries	(51,983)	(1,343)	3,771
Capitalized general and administrative expenses	(75,150)	(75,150)	-
Total net general and administrative expenses	658,017	632,036	4
\$ per Boe	7.71	7.69	-

During the first quarter of 2014, net general and administrative expenses ("G&A") increased 4 percent to \$658,017 compared to \$632,036 in the same period in the prior year. On a per Boe basis, the G&A expense was \$7.71 per Boe for the three months ended March 31, 2014 (2013 - \$7.69). Net G&A for the quarter was comprised of \$785,150 (2013 - \$708,529) in general and administrative expenses less \$51,983 (2013 - \$1,343) in recoveries and \$75,150 (2013 - \$75,150) in capitalized G&A. G&A expenses for LGX consist primarily of the monthly service agreement fee charged by Legacy Oil + Gas Inc. ("Legacy").

Share-based Payments

(\$)	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Share-based payments expense	142,169	152,179	(7)

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company expensed \$142,169 in share-based payments related to stock options compared to \$152,179 for the same period in the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to the vesting of stock options previously granted in 2012.

Finance Costs

(\$)	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Interest expense and finance charges	182,221	80,183	127
Accretion on decommissioning liabilities	197,436	157,754	25
Total finance costs	379,657	237,937	60

Finance costs include interest expense and finance charges as well as accretion on decommissioning liabilities.

During the first quarter of 2014, interest and finance charges increased to \$182,221 compared to \$80,183 for the same period in the prior year due to higher average bank debt in the first quarter of 2014. During the first quarter of 2014, accretion on decommissioning liabilities was \$197,436 (2013 - \$157,754).

Other Expenses and Other Loss (Income)

(\$)	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Transaction costs	-	35,700	(100)

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company incurred transaction costs of \$nil (2013 - \$35,700).

Income Taxes

(\$)	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	83,391	(332,730)	(125)

A deferred income tax expense of \$83,391 was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2014, resulting in an effective deferred income tax expense rate of 32 percent of the net income before tax. The effective deferred income tax rate differs from the applicable Canadian statutory tax rate of 25% mainly due to non-deductible share based payments. An income tax recovery was recorded for the three months ended March 31, 2013 for \$332,730, resulting in an effective income tax recovery rate of 22 percent of the net loss before tax.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

Net Income (Loss) and Funds Generated by Operations

<i>(\$, except per Boe amounts)</i>	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Net income (loss)	179,661	(1,153,625)	(116)
Per share basic	-	(0.01)	(100)
Per share diluted	-	(0.01)	(100)
Funds generated by operations	3,067,758	1,115,649	175
Per share basic	0.03	0.01	200
Per share diluted	0.03	0.01	200
\$ per Boe	35.96	13.58	165

For the quarter ended March 31, 2014, net income of \$179,661 was recognized compared to net loss of \$1,153,625 during the same period in the prior year due primarily to an increase in production volumes and a significant increase in operating netback. Basic and diluted net income per share for the first quarter of 2014 was \$nil, compared to basic and diluted net loss per share of \$0.01. Funds generated by operations increased 175 percent to \$3,067,758 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, compared to \$1,115,649 during the same period in the prior year, due primarily to an increase in production volumes and a significant increase in operating netback. Basic and diluted funds generated by operations per share for the quarter ended March 31, 2014 were \$0.03, compared to \$0.01 in the same period in the prior year.

The following table summarizes the operating netbacks and funds generated by operations on a per Boe basis for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

<i>(\$ per Boe)</i>	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Petroleum and natural gas sales	83.09	56.47	47
Royalties	(7.84)	(9.12)	(14)
Revenue	75.25	47.35	59
Operating expenses	(24.42)	(21.77)	12
Transportation expenses	(4.93)	(2.02)	144
Operating netback	45.90	23.56	95
Exploration and evaluation expenses (cash portion)	(0.10)	(1.31)	(92)
General and administrative expenses	(7.71)	(7.69)	-
Finance costs - Interest expense and finance charges (cash portion)	(2.13)	(0.98)	117
Funds generated by operations	35.96	13.58	165

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS ⁽¹⁾

The table below contains first quarter 2014 results of LGX as well as comparisons to the previous seven quarterly results for the Company:

	2014 Q1	2013 Q4	2013 Q3	2013 Q2	2013 Q1	2012 Q4	2012 Q3	2012 Q2
Financial								
<i>(\$, except per share amounts)</i>								
Petroleum and natural gas sales	7,088,822	5,641,778	5,698,496	4,993,556	4,640,526	3,322,070	1,050,641	125,412
Petroleum and natural gas sales, net of royalties	6,419,719	4,520,788	4,819,532	4,156,240	3,891,140	2,775,518	864,621	116,196
Funds generated by (used in) operations	3,067,758	1,125,835	581,632	1,609,234	1,115,649	463,043	(345,347)	38,286
- Per share basic	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	(0.01)	-
- Per share diluted	0.03	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	(0.01)	-
Net Income (Loss)	179,661	(7,775,472)	(8,270,280)	(3,127,371)	(1,153,625)	(7,023,085)	10,254,593	29,498
- Per share basic	-	(0.09)	(0.09)	(0.04)	(0.01)	(0.11)	0.38	-
- Per share diluted	-	(0.09)	(0.09)	(0.04)	(0.01)	(0.11)	0.38	-
Capital expenditures								
- Exploration and development	1,931,988	12,782,541	1,696,828	361,856	480,220	7,379,378	1,418,395	35,446
- Acquisitions and dispositions ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	45,268,754	27,255,768	-
Net debt and working capital surplus (deficit)	(18,495,587)	(19,635,864)	(9,189,958)	(8,058,946)	(9,307,723)	(9,906,927)	(5,043,920)	(32,065)
Total assets	135,417,520	135,247,379	133,374,916	141,694,415	147,121,183	148,469,817	76,967,098	36,461,424
Operating								
Production								
- Crude oil and natural gas liquids (Bbls per day)	734	718	567	578	612	430	95	16
- Natural gas (Mcf per day)	1,285	1,482	1,677	1,729	1,806	1,528	1,939	-
- Total daily production (Boe per day)	948	965	847	866	913	685	418	16
- Increase/(Decrease) over prior quarter	(2%)	14%	(2%)	(5%)	33%	64%	2,513%	(58%)
Average realized price								
- Crude oil and natural gas liquids (\$ per Bbl)	97.12	78.26	102.23	84.63	75.54	72.18	75.46	86.55
- Natural gas (\$ per Mcf)	5.82	3.46	2.37	3.44	2.95	3.32	2.19	n/a
- Barrels of oil equivalent (\$ per Boe)	83.09	63.55	73.13	63.37	56.47	52.71	27.33	86.55
Netback (\$ per Boe)								
- Petroleum and natural gas sales	83.09	63.55	73.13	63.37	56.47	52.71	27.33	86.55
- Royalties	7.84	12.63	11.28	10.63	9.12	8.67	4.84	6.36
- Operating expenses	24.42	29.09	43.46	20.17	21.77	22.41	12.06	47.12
- Transportation expenses	4.93	3.13	2.63	2.81	2.02	2.19	1.11	2.02
- Operating netback	45.90	18.70	15.76	29.76	23.56	19.44	9.32	31.05

(1) On July 5, 2012, the shareholders of LGX approved a strategic transaction with Legacy Oil + Gas Inc. ("Legacy") whereby Legacy sold certain undeveloped land in southern Alberta ("Legacy Oil + Gas Inc.'s Southern Alberta Assets" or "SA Assets") to LGX in exchange for an equity interest in LGX (the "Asset Purchase"). In accordance with IFRS and based on management's significant judgments, the Asset Purchase was accounted for as a reverse acquisition whereby SA Assets was identified as the accounting "acquirer" - being the entity that obtains control of the acquiree, LGX. As a result of the Asset Purchase and this common-control transaction and reverse acquisition, the reader is cautioned that these results present the historic financial position, results of operations and cash flows of SA Assets, for all prior periods up to and including July 5, 2012 and the results of operations from July 5, 2012 forward include both SA Assets and LGX (referred to collectively with its subsidiaries as "LGX" or the "Company"), unless otherwise indicated.

(2) Includes cash consideration, share consideration and net debt and working capital assumed.

The Company's petroleum and natural gas sales have generally increased over the past eight quarters due to LGX's drilling program as well as business combinations. The Canadian dollar WTI benchmark price and corporate oil price differentials have also contributed to the fluctuations in the petroleum and natural gas sales.

Over the past eight quarters, net income has fluctuated primarily due to changes in funds flow from operations, exploration and evaluation expenses, gains from business combinations, transaction costs incurred on business combinations as well as associated fluctuations in the deferred tax expense (recovery).

Capital expenditures fluctuated through this period as a result of timing of the Company's drilling program and acquisitions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

The Company's capital expenditures consist of the following:

(\$)	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	% change
Capital expenditures – Exploration and development			
Land acquisitions and retention	45,846	33,219	38
Geological and geophysical	330	335,227	(100)
Drilling and completions	1,096,572	(56,765)	(2,032)
Equipping and facilities	714,090	93,389	665
Capitalized general and administrative expenses	75,150	75,150	-
Capital expenditures – Exploration and development ⁽¹⁾	1,931,988	480,220	302
Capital expenditures – Acquisitions and dispositions			
Capital expenditures – Acquisitions and dispositions	-	-	n/a
Total capital expenditures	1,931,988	480,220	302

(1) Total property, plant and equipment (petroleum and natural gas assets and corporate assets) and exploration and evaluation asset additions for the period.

CAPITALIZATION AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Share Capital

	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2014	2013
Outstanding Common Shares		
Weighted average Common Shares outstanding ⁽¹⁾		
- Basic	88,658,427	88,658,427
- Diluted	88,658,427	88,658,427

	As at March 31 2014	As at December 31 2013
Outstanding Securities		
- Common Shares	88,658,427	88,658,427
- Common Share Warrants	6,000,000	6,000,000
- Common Share Options	3,652,000	3,652,000

(1) Per share information is calculated on the basis of the weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding during the fiscal period. Diluted per share information reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue Common Shares were exercised or converted to Common Shares. Diluted per share information is calculated using the treasury stock method which assumes that any proceeds received by the Company upon exercise of in-the-money stock options or share warrants plus the unamortized share-based payments expense would be used to buy back "in the money" Common Shares at the average market price for the period.

Total Market Capitalization

The Company's equity market capitalization at March 31, 2014 was \$42,556,045.

	As at March 31 2014	As at December 31 2013
Common Shares Outstanding	88,658,427	88,658,427
Share Price ⁽²⁾	\$0.48	\$0.65
Total Market Capitalization	\$42,556,045	\$57,627,978

(2) Represents the closing price on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013

There is a significant difference between the Company's net assets and market capitalization as at March 31, 2014. Management believes that the market capitalization of the Company continues to be dominated by external factors such as overall market confidence, global debt concerns and global liquidity issues and does not reflect the fair value of the Company's net assets.

As at May 12, 2014, the Company had 88,658,427 common shares outstanding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's primary sources of liquidity to meet operating expenses and fund its exploration and development capital program are derived from the Company's internal funds flow from operations and the Company's revolving operating bank credit facility. The Company utilizes this facility to fund daily operating activities and acquisitions as needed. Because of the liquidity and capital resource alternatives available to the Company, including internal funds flow from operations, the Company believes that its liquidity is sufficient to fund operating, interest and general and administrative expenses.

At March 31, 2014, the Company had a net debt and working capital deficit of \$18,495,587 (December 31, 2013 - \$19,635,864). The Company continuously monitors its trade and other receivables and its allowance for doubtful accounts. As at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there have been no impairment issues and management considers trade and other receivables collectible within the next operating cycle.

At March 31, 2014, the Company had a \$25,000,000 revolving demand credit facility with a Canadian financial institution comprised of a \$5,000,000 operating loan facility, a \$15,000,000 production loan facility and a \$5,000,000 acquisition/development facility. As at March 31, 2014, \$14,000,000 had been drawn on the Company's production facility and \$350,000 on the Company's operating line. The credit facility provides that advances may be made by way of direct advances, bankers' acceptances or letters of guarantee, drawings on the credit facility bear interest at the bank's prime rate plus an additional margin based on the Company's debt to cash flow ratio and type of borrowing. Security for the credit facility is provided by a \$75,000,000 demand debenture.

The Company's bank indebtedness does not have a specific maturity date as it is a demand facility. This means that the lender has the ability to demand repayment of all outstanding indebtedness or a portion thereof at any time. If that were to occur, the Company would be required to source alternate credit facilities or sell assets to repay the indebtedness. The Company reduces this risk by complying with the covenants of the credit facility agreement and maintaining a minimal balance on the facility. The covenants require maintaining a current ratio, excluding any current liabilities under the credit facility, of not less than 1.0:1.0. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all such covenants.

On an ongoing basis, the Company will review its capital expenditures to ensure that cash flow and or access to credit facilities is available to fund these capital expenditures. The Company has the flexibility to adjust capital expenditures based on cash flow to manage debt levels.

(\$)	As at March 31 2014	As at December 31 2013
Capital resources		
Bank debt available	10,650,000	13,950,000
Working capital deficit (excluding Bank debt)	(4,145,587)	(8,585,864)
Total capital resources available	6,504,413	5,364,136

The Company believes the present sources of capital and budgeted cash flows for 2014 are sufficient to satisfy the Board approved capital program for 2014.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2014 have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods as those used in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, except for new accounting policies as described in Note 3 of the March 31, 2014 unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and for income taxes. Income taxes on income (loss) for the interim periods are accrued using the income tax rate that would be applicable to the expected total annual income (loss). The new accounting policies adopted in the first quarter of 2014 had no effect on the Company's current and prior period financial statements.

A summary of the significant accounting policies used by LGX can be found in Note 3 of the December 31, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements. Note 2 of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 discloses a summary of the areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION + ANALYSIS

RISK ASSESSMENT

There are a number of risks facing participants in the Canadian oil and gas industry. Some of the risks are common to all businesses while others are specific to a sector. The general and specific risks to which the Company is exposed have been described in the Company's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2013. In addition, LGX is also subject to other risks and uncertainties which are described in the Company's Annual Information Form dated March 24, 2014.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

Common Shares

LGX is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of preferred shares, issuable in series. Holders of common shares are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of shareholders of LGX, to receive dividends if, as and when declared by the Board of Directors and to receive pro rata the remaining property and assets of LGX upon its dissolution or winding-up, subject to the rights of shares having priority over the common shares.

As at March 31, 2014, a total of 88,658,427 common shares were issued and outstanding. In addition, a total of 3,652,000 stock options to acquire common shares and 6,000,000 warrants to acquire common shares were outstanding.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On July 5, 2012, Legacy Oil + Gas Inc. and the Company entered into a management, technical and administrative services agreement whereby the Company is managed by Legacy's current management team and staff, in exchange for a monthly fee of \$167,000 excluding GST. The management fee charged to the Company by Legacy is for the provision of management and administrative services and is intended to cover the cost of administrative expense and salary costs incurred by Legacy. Under the terms of the service agreement, Legacy invoiced the Company \$526,050 during the three months ended March 31, 2014 (2013 - \$526,050) of which \$175,350 was payable as at March 31, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$nil). In relation to capital and operations activity, the Company has a net trade payable to Legacy of \$2,185,174 as at March 31, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$1,922,598), which includes the management fee discussed above.

The Company incurred fees of \$154,911 for corporate and legal services rendered by law firms (2013 - \$41,126), which a board member and the Corporate Secretary are partners of, for the three months ended March 31, 2014. At March 31, 2014, \$162,566 was payable (2013 - \$35,804). These fees were incurred in the normal course of business under similar terms and conditions as transactions with unrelated companies.

These related party transactions are measured at the agreed exchange amount and settled in cash.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Drilling commitments

The Company is committed to drill a minimum of two wells on its Alberta Bakken properties located on the lands of the Blood Tribe First Nation in each of the years ending September 30, 2014 and 2015, to a minimum of 1,000 metres total depth or 5 metres into the Devonian formation, whichever first occurs.

Service Agreement

Legacy and LGX entered into a management, technical and administrative service agreement whereby LGX will be managed by Legacy's current management team and staff as of July 5, 2012, in exchange for a monthly fee of \$167,000. The agreement will continue until terminated by either party with 90 days' notice.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information regarding LGX and its business and operations can be obtained by contacting the Company at LGX Oil + Gas Inc., 4400, Eighth Avenue Place, 525 - 8th Avenue, SW, Calgary, Alberta, Canada T2P 1G1 or by e-mail at info@lgxoil.com. Additional information, including its most recently filed annual information form ("AIF") dated March 24, 2014, is also available on the Company's profile at www.sedar.com.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LGX OIL + GAS INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)

<i>(Canadian \$, except per share amounts)</i>	Note	Three Months Ended March 31 2014	2013
Revenue			
Petroleum and natural gas sales	4	7,088,822	4,640,526
Royalties	4	(669,103)	(749,386)
		6,419,719	3,891,140
Expenses and Other Loss (Income)			
Operating expenses		2,083,111	1,788,845
Transportation expenses		420,405	165,631
Exploration and evaluation expenses	6	270,392	455,896
Depletion and depreciation	7	2,202,916	1,909,271
General and administrative expenses		658,017	632,036
Share-based payments	13	142,169	152,179
Finance costs	5	379,657	237,937
Transaction costs		-	35,700
		6,156,667	5,377,495
Net Income (Loss) Before Income Tax		263,052	(1,486,355)
Income Taxes			
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)		83,391	(332,730)
Net Income (Loss)		179,661	(1,153,625)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)			
<i>Items that may be reclassified to Income (Loss)</i>			
Foreign currency translation on foreign operations		4,565	487
Comprehensive Income (Loss)		184,226	(1,153,138)
Earnings (Loss) per Common Share (\$)			
Basic	12	-	(0.01)
Diluted	12	-	(0.01)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LGX OIL + GAS INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited)

As at (Canadian \$)	Note	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		225,211	177,492
Trade and other receivables		3,979,894	4,919,335
Total Current Assets		4,205,105	5,096,827
Non-current Assets			
Exploration and evaluation assets	6	36,561,267	36,686,008
Property, plant and equipment	7	89,777,617	88,507,622
Deferred taxes		4,873,531	4,956,922
Total Non-current Assets		131,212,415	130,150,552
Total Assets		135,417,520	135,247,379
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Bank debt	8	14,350,000	11,050,000
Trade and other payables		8,350,692	13,682,691
Total Current Liabilities		22,700,692	24,732,691
Non-current Liabilities			
Decommissioning liabilities	9	26,253,104	24,424,226
Total Non-current Liabilities		26,253,104	24,424,226
Total Liabilities		48,953,796	49,156,917
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital and warrants	10	84,725,717	84,725,717
Contributed surplus		1,447,212	1,258,176
Reserve from common-control transaction		17,203,261	17,203,261
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		3,113	(1,452)
Accumulated deficit		(16,915,579)	(17,095,240)
Total Shareholders' Equity		86,463,724	86,090,462
Total Shareholders' Equity and Liabilities		135,417,520	135,247,379
Commitments and contingencies	17		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LGX OIL + GAS INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited)

<i>(Canadian \$)</i>	Note	Share Capital and Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Reserve from common-control transaction	AOCI ⁽¹⁾	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Total Equity
Balance as at December 31, 2013		84,725,717	1,258,176	17,203,261	(1,452)	(17,095,240)	86,090,462
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	179,661	179,661
Share-based payments	13	-	189,036	-	-	-	189,036
Foreign currency translation on foreign operations		-	-	-	4,565	-	4,565
Balance as at March 31, 2014		84,725,717	1,447,212	17,203,261	3,113	(16,915,579)	86,463,724
Balance as at December 31, 2012		84,726,460	376,531	17,203,261	(1,241)	3,231,508	105,536,519
Net income for the period		-	-	-	-	(1,153,625)	(1,153,625)
Share issue costs, net of tax	10	(743)	-	-	-	-	(743)
Share-based payments	13	-	207,383	-	-	-	207,383
Foreign currency translation on foreign operations		-	-	-	487	-	487
Balance as at March 31, 2013		84,725,717	583,914	17,203,261	(754)	2,077,883	104,590,021

(1) Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LGX OIL + GAS INC.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

<i>(Canadian \$)</i>	Note	2014	Three Month Ended March 31 2013
Cash flow from (used in) operating activities			
Net income (loss) for the period		179,661	(1,153,625)
Adjusted for:			
Exploration and evaluation expenses	6	262,185	347,100
Depletion and depreciation	7	2,202,916	1,909,271
Share-based payments	13	142,169	152,179
Accretion on decommissioning liabilities	9	197,436	157,754
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)		83,391	(332,730)
Cash flow from (used in) operating activities before changes in non-cash working capital		3,067,758	1,079,949
Net change in non-cash working capital	15	(2,641,509)	(4,506,749)
Net cash flow from (used in) operating activities		426,249	(3,426,800)
Cash flow used in investing activities			
Total property, plant and equipment and exploration and evaluation asset additions	15	(1,931,988)	(480,220)
Net change in non-cash working capital	15	(1,752,625)	(1,088,537)
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(3,684,613)	(1,568,757)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Share issue costs		-	(990)
Increase in bank debt		3,300,000	4,550,000
Net cash flow from financing activities		3,300,000	4,549,010
Foreign exchange gain on cash and cash equivalents held in foreign currency		6,083	1,129
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		47,719	(445,418)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		177,492	710,162
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		225,211	264,744

Supplemental cash flow information 15

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LGX OIL + GAS INC.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2014 (all tabular amounts in Canadian \$, except per share amounts or as otherwise indicated)
(Unaudited)

1. REPORTING ENTITY

Incorporation and Nature of Business

The principal undertaking of LGX Oil + Gas Inc. and its subsidiaries ("LGX" or the "Company"), a growth-oriented junior oil and natural gas exploration, development and production Company, includes the investment in all types of energy business-related assets, including, but not limited to, petroleum and natural gas-related assets, gathering, processing and transportation assets located in Western Canada. The operations of the Company consist of the acquisition, development, exploration and exploitation of these assets.

LGX and Legacy Oil + Gas Inc. entered into a management, technical and administrative services agreement whereby LGX is managed by Legacy's current management team and staff as of July 5, 2012, in exchange for a monthly fee.

LGX is incorporated and domiciled in Alberta, Canada, under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta). The address of the principal place of business is 4400, Eighth Avenue Place, 525 - 8th Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2P 1G1. The Company's only listing is on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "OIL".

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 12, 2014.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Statement of Compliance

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods as those used in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, except for changes in accounting policies as described in Note 3 below and for income taxes. Income taxes on income (loss) in the interim periods are accrued using the income tax rate that would be applicable to the expected total annual income (loss). The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are in compliance with International Accounting Standard 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34"). Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in the annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), have been omitted or condensed.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. The accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, composed of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary by management to fairly state the Company's results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the full year.

Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain significant accounting estimates and also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. Note 2 of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 discloses a summary of the areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements.

In addition, significant estimates and judgments made by management in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are outlined below:

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consideration of the impact of the Emergency Order for the Protection of the Greater Sage-Grouse on the Manyberries property

On February 18, 2014, an Emergency Order for the Protection of the Greater Sage-Grouse pursuant to *the Species at Risk Act* (Canada) ("Emergency Order") to address the imminent threats to the survival and recovery of the Greater Sage-Grouse, including protecting the habitat in southeast Alberta and southwest Saskatchewan identified in the order to help stabilize the Sage-Grouse population and begin its recovery, came into effect. A copy of the Emergency Order is attached to the material change report of LGX dated January 3, 2014. The material change report has been filed on SEDAR and may be reviewed under LGX's profile at the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

As at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, LGX has been in full compliance with the Province of Alberta's comprehensive legislative and regulatory framework for the protection of the Greater Sage-Grouse which has been in place since 1996.

LGX has concluded that the Emergency Order has the potential to have a significant adverse effect on LGX's ability to maintain and increase production at Manyberries and to prevent the drilling of new wells there and may result in potential revisions to the reserves attributable to the Manyberries property in any future estimate of such reserves.

The Company has not made provision for any impairment losses of its Manyberries property as at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 and based on management's best estimates, the \$38.2 million carrying amount of its net assets in the Manyberries area at March 31, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$38.8 million) is recoverable as the Company: (i) continues to operate its Manyberries property in accordance with the prohibitions of the Emergency Order; (ii) is seeking an order of the Federal Court quashing the Emergency Order; and (iii) may pursue compensation for losses arising from any impact to LGX's operations at Manyberries pursuant to the provisions of the *Species at Risk Act* (Canada).

Functional and presentation currency

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars ("\$", "Canadian \$", "Cdn \$" or "CAD"), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is rounded to the nearest dollar, except per unit amounts and where otherwise indicated.

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

New and Revised Accounting Policies Adopted

The Company adopted the following new or revised standards and interpretations, along with all consequential amendments, effective January 1, 2014. These changes are made in accordance with the applicable transitional provisions.

Levies

IFRIC 21, *Levies*, provides guidance on accounting for levies in accordance with the requirements of IAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*. The interpretation defines a levy as an outflow from an entity that is imposed by a government in accordance with legislation other than income taxes or fines or penalties imposed for breaches of legislation, notes that levies do not arise from executory contracts or other contractual arrangements and confirms that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy only when the triggering event specified in the legislation occurs. This IFRIC is effective for annual periods commencing on or after January 1, 2014 and is to be applied retrospectively. The adoption of this interpretation had no impact on LGX's condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Future Accounting Changes Not Yet Adopted

Financial Instruments

In November 2009, the IASB issued IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, as the first phase in its project to replace IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. IFRS 9 introduced new requirements for classifying and measuring financial assets. In October 2010, the IASB reissued IFRS 9, incorporating new requirements on accounting for financial liabilities. The new standard eliminates the existing multiple classification and measurement categories under IAS 39 of held-to-maturity, available-for-sale and loans receivable and replaces them with a single model that has only two classification categories - amortized cost and fair value. In November 2013, the IASB issued a new general hedge accounting standard which forms part of IFRS 9. In July of 2013, the IASB deferred the mandatory effective date of IFRS 9, which previously had been effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015. The IASB has yet to determine the mandatory effective date; early adoption of the new standard is still permitted. As this standard is still in development and no effective date has been set, LGX will address the extent of the impact of the adoption of IFRS 9 when the financial standard and effective date has been issued.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. REVENUE

(\$)	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2014	2013
Petroleum and natural gas sales by product		
Crude oil and natural gas liquids	6,416,067	4,160,612
Natural gas	672,755	479,914
Total petroleum and natural gas sales	7,088,822	4,640,526
Less: Royalties	(669,103)	(749,386)
Total revenue	6,419,719	3,891,140

5. FINANCE COSTS

(\$)	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2014	2013
Interest expense and finance charges	182,221	80,183
Accretion on decommissioning liabilities (Note 9)	197,436	157,754
Finance costs	379,657	237,937

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

(\$)	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Balance, beginning of period	36,686,008	64,692,773
Additions	90,519	13,785,285
Capitalized share-based payments (Note 13)	46,867	238,328
Change in decommissioning liabilities	-	172,190
Transfer to petroleum and natural gas assets (Note 7)	-	(17,658,002)
Exploration and evaluation costs derecognized	(262,185)	(24,544,814)
Foreign currency translation	58	248
Balance, end of period	36,561,267	36,686,008

Direct general and administrative costs capitalized by the Company during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and included in additions were \$75,150 (2013 - \$75,150).

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, net income (loss) includes \$270,392 of exploration and evaluation expense (2013 - \$455,896) consisting of \$262,185 of land lease expiries exploration and evaluation costs derecognized (2013 - \$347,100) and \$8,207 of pre-licensing and other costs incurred prior to acquiring the legal rights to explore charged directly to net (income) loss (2013 - \$108,796).

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(\$)	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Petroleum and natural gas assets at cost	102,607,958	99,135,047
Corporate assets at cost	7,400	7,400
Property, plant and equipment at cost	102,615,358	99,142,447
Accumulated depletion, depreciation and impairment	12,837,741	10,634,825
Property, plant and equipment net carrying amount	89,777,617	88,507,622

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Petroleum and Natural Gas Assets

(\$)	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Cost		
Balance, beginning of period	99,135,047	81,367,270
Additions	1,841,469	1,536,160
Transfer from exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	-	17,658,002
Change in decommissioning liabilities (Note 9)	1,631,442	(1,426,385)
Balance, end of period	102,607,958	99,135,047
Accumulated depletion and impairment		
Balance, beginning of period	10,630,864	2,609,964
Depletion	2,202,504	7,770,900
Impairment	-	250,000
Balance, end of period	12,833,368	10,630,864
Net carrying amount	89,774,590	88,504,183

At March 31, 2014, future development costs of \$53,609,000 (December 31, 2013 - \$53,609,000) are included in costs subject to depletion.

Corporate Assets

(\$)	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Cost		
Balance, beginning and end of period	7,400	7,400
Accumulated depreciation		
Balance, beginning of period	3,961	1,668
Depreciation	412	2,293
Balance, end of period	4,373	3,961
Net carrying amount	3,027	3,439

Property, plant and equipment impairment test

IFRS requires an impairment test to assess the recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment within each cash-generating unit whenever there is an indication of impairment. The Emergency Order as described in Note 2 was identified as a potential impairment indicator for the Company's Manyberries cash-generating unit as at March 31, 2014. Management has reviewed developments since the previous assessment performed as at December 31, 2013. No substantial changes to the December 31, 2013 outlook were noted during this review and there are no indications the carrying amount of the Manyberries cash-generating unit is not recoverable as at March 31, 2014.

8. BANK DEBT

The following table shows the amounts drawn down on the Company's bank debt facility at March 31, 2014:

(\$)	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Bank credit facility	14,350,000	11,050,000

At March 31, 2014, the Company had a \$25,000,000 revolving demand credit facility with a Canadian financial institution comprised of a \$5,000,000 operating loan facility, a \$15,000,000 production loan facility and a \$5,000,000 acquisition/development facility. As at March 31, 2014, \$14,000,000 had been drawn on the Company's production facility and \$350,000 on the Company's operating line. The credit facility provides that advances may be made by way of direct advances, bankers' acceptances or letters of guarantee. Drawings on the credit facility bear interest at the bank's prime rate plus an additional margin based on the Company's debt to cash flow ratio and type of borrowing. Security for the credit facility is provided by a \$75,000,000 demand debenture.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company is subject to certain covenants in its credit facility agreement and was in compliance with all such covenants as of March 31, 2014 and the Company had maintained the bank's required ratio of current assets to current liabilities, excluding any current liabilities under the credit facility, of 1:1 or better. The lending agreement defines current assets as current assets as per the Company's statement of financial position plus any undrawn amount on the credit facility. The lending agreement defines current liabilities as the current liabilities as per the Company's statement of financial position sheet less any amounts drawn on the credit facility.

9. DECOMMISSIONING LIABILITIES

The following table reconciles the decommissioning liabilities:

(\$)	March 31 2014	December 31 2013
Balance, beginning of period	24,424,226	25,070,620
Decommissioning liabilities incurred during the period	-	630,529
Decommissioning liabilities acquired	-	-
Decommissioning liabilities settled during the period	-	(29,848)
Accretion expense during period	197,436	637,649
Revisions - Change in discount rate	1,631,442	(5,271,534)
Revisions - Changes in cost and timing estimates	-	3,386,810
Balance, end of period	26,253,104	24,424,226

Decommissioning liabilities were estimated based on the Company's net ownership interest in all wells and facilities, the estimated costs to abandon and reclaim these wells and facilities and the estimated timing of these costs to be incurred in future periods. LGX has estimated the net present value of decommissioning liabilities to be \$26,253,104 as at March 31, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$24,424,226) based on an estimated total future undiscounted liability of \$58,319,748 (December 31, 2013 - \$58,319,748), a risk free rate of return of three percent (December 31, 2013 - three and quarter percent) and an inflation rate of two percent (December 31, 2013 - two percent). At March 31, 2014, the Company estimates that these payments are expected to be made over the next 50 years with the majority of payments made in years 2025 to 2040.

10. SHARE CAPITAL AND WARRANTS

Authorized

Unlimited number of common voting shares ("Common shares").

Issued and Outstanding

(\$ - except share number)	March 31 2014		December 31 2013	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Common (voting) shares				
Balance, beginning of period	88,658,427	80,885,717	88,658,427	80,886,460
Share issue costs, net of tax	-	-	-	(743)
Balance, end of period	88,658,427	80,885,717	88,658,427	80,885,717
Warrants				
Balance, beginning of period	6,000,000	3,840,000	6,000,000	3,840,000
Issued for cash	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of period	6,000,000	3,840,000	6,000,000	3,840,000
Total share capital and warrants, end of period		84,725,717		84,725,717

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of the business.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying oil and natural gas assets. The Company considers its capital structure to include shareholder's equity, bank debt and working capital/deficiency, which is defined as current assets less current liabilities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may from time to time issue shares and adjust its capital spending to manage current and projected debt levels.

The Company monitors capital by maintaining an available credit facility to enable future spending and monitors spending against capital budgets.

The Company has not paid or declared any dividends since the date of incorporation, nor are any contemplated in the next year.

The Company is subject to certain non-financial and financial covenants, including current assets to current liabilities covenant (Note 8), and is in compliance with all covenants as at March 31, 2014.

12. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE AMOUNTS

The following table summarizes the weighted average shares used in calculating earnings (loss) per share:

Earnings (loss) per share calculation:	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2014	2013
Numerator (\$)		
Net income (loss) for the period	179,661	(1,153,625)
Denominator (Number)		
Weighted average common shares outstanding – Basic	88,658,427	88,658,427
Effect of stock options and share warrants outstanding	-	-
Weighted average common shares outstanding – Diluted	88,658,427	88,658,427
Earnings (loss) per share (\$)		
Basic	-	(0.01)
Diluted	-	(0.01)

The average market value of the Company's shares for the purposes of calculating the dilutive effect of share options was based on quoted market prices for the period that the stock options were outstanding. In calculating the weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding for the three months ended March 31, 2013, the Company excluded all stock options and share warrants outstanding as there was a loss in the period then ended and these instruments were anti-dilutive.

13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS AND COMPENSATION PLANS

The following table summarizes the Company's share-based payments relating to its stock options for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

(\$)	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2014	2013
Share-based payments expensed in net income (loss)	142,169	152,179
Share-based payments capitalized to:		
Exploration and evaluation assets	46,867	55,204
Property, plant and equipment	-	-
Total Share-based payments	189,036	207,383

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Stock Options

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of Stock Option Plan activity through to March 31, 2014:

	Three Months Ended March 31 2014		Year Ended December 31 2013	
<i>(\$ – except share number)</i>	Weighted Average Number	Exercise Price	Weighted Average Number	Exercise Price
Balance, beginning of period	3,652,000	0.81	1,886,500	1.17
Granted	-	-	1,953,000	0.47
Forfeited	-	-	(187,500)	0.83
Balance, end of period	3,652,000	0.81	3,652,000	0.81
Vested and exercisable, end of period	632,151	1.35	632,151	1.35

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments recognized on the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position consist of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and bank debt (Note 8).

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

As at March 31, 2014, cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables were classified as loans and receivables and trade and other payables and bank debt were classified as other financial liabilities.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables and bank debt approximate the fair value of the respective assets and liabilities due to the short-term nature of those instruments or the indexed rate of interest on the bank debt.

The Company continuously monitors its trade and other receivables and its allowance for doubtful accounts. As at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there have been no impairment issues.

Risks associated with Financial Instruments

Credit risk

The Company may be exposed to certain losses in the event that counterparties to financial instruments fail to meet their obligations in accordance with agreed terms. The Company mitigates this risk by entering into transactions with highly rated major financial institutions and by routinely assessing the financial strength of its customers.

At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, financial assets on the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position are comprised of cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables and the maximum credit risk associated with these financial instruments is the total carrying amount of these financial assets.

Cash equivalents include short-term deposits placed with financial institutions with strong investment grade ratings.

The Company's trade and other receivables are with customers and joint venture partners in the petroleum and natural gas business and are subject to normal credit risks. Concentration of credit risk is mitigated by marketing production to numerous purchasers under normal industry sale and payment terms. As is common in the petroleum and natural gas industry in western Canada, receivables relating to the sale of petroleum and natural gas are received on or about the 25th day of the following month. Of the \$3,979,894 of trade and other receivables outstanding as at March 31, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – \$4,919,335), \$2,657,181 related to the sale of petroleum and natural gas and was received April 25, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – \$2,533,521 and was received January 25, 2014). The accounts receivable balance includes \$1,041,487 from joint venture partners relating to the recovery of their interest in operating costs and capital spent (December 31, 2013 - \$2,175,493). At March 31, 2014, the largest amount owing from one partner was \$291,814 (December 31, 2013 - \$526,760). For the properties LGX operates, the Company has the ability to not allocate production to joint venture partners who are in default of amounts owing.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they are due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. The Company prepares annual capital expenditure budgets, which are regularly monitored and updated as considered necessary. Further, the Company utilizes authorizations for expenditures on both operated and non-operated projects to further manage capital expenditures. To facilitate the funding of the capital expenditure program, the Company has a credit facility, as outlined in Note 8.

LGX's financial liabilities on the statement of financial position consist of accounts payable and bank debt.

The Company expects to satisfy obligations under accounts payable in less than one year. LGX has a credit facility as outlined in Note 8. The credit facility is a \$25,000,000 revolving demand facility with a Canadian financial institution comprised of a \$5,000,000 operating loan facility, a \$15,000,000 production loan facility and a \$5,000,000 acquisition/development facility. The credit facility is formally reviewed by the bank annually.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities at March 31, 2014:

(\$)	< 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	Thereafter	Total
Bank debt	14,350,000	-	-	-	14,350,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8,350,692	-	-	-	8,350,692
	22,700,692	-	-	-	22,700,692

Market risk

Market risk is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risks which consist primarily of fluctuations in petroleum and natural gas prices. The valuation of the financial assets and liabilities on the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2014 has not been significantly impacted by changes in currency rates. Currency rates influence petroleum and natural gas prices; however, this influence on commodity prices and the resulting impact on financial assets and liabilities cannot be accurately quantified.

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk in relation to its United States dollar denominated working capital balances or deficits held in Canada. From time to time, the Company may enter into agreements to fix the exchange rate of Canadian to the United States dollar in order to offset the risk of fluctuating working capital balances if the Canadian dollar increases or decreases in value compared to the United States dollar. However, the Company has chosen not to enter into any foreign exchange contracts as its United States dollar denominated working capital balances are not deemed significant to the consolidated LGX entity.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that changes in market interest rates will impact any bank indebtedness that has a floating interest rate, potentially affecting future cash flows. As a means to mitigating exposure to interest rate risk, the Company has the ability to enter into interest rate swap agreements.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, LGX's net income (loss) before income taxes would have fluctuated by approximately \$136,625 for each 1% change in interest rates (2013 - \$28,627).

Commodity price risk

The Company may be exposed to commodity price risk arising from the effect that fluctuations of future commodity prices may have on the fair value or future cash flows of financial assets and liabilities. From time to time, LGX may enter into agreements to receive fixed prices on its oil and natural gas production to offset the risk of revenue losses if commodity prices decline; however, if commodity prices increase beyond the levels set in such agreements, LGX will not benefit from such increases. The use of such agreements is governed under formal policies and is subject to limits established by the Board of Directors. The Company's policy is to not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. The Company has not entered into any financial derivative contracts as at March 31, 2014 or December 31, 2013.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

The following table reconciles the changes in non-cash working capital as disclosed in the condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows:

(\$)	2014	Three Months Ended March 31 2013
Cash flow from operating activities		
Net change in non-cash working capital:		
Trade and other receivables	32,081	(381,011)
Trade and other payables	(2,673,590)	(4,125,738)
Operating activities' net change in non-cash working capital	(2,641,509)	(4,506,749)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Net change in non-cash working capital:		
Trade and other receivables	907,205	21,928
Trade and other payables	(2,659,830)	(1,110,465)
Investing activities' net change in non-cash working capital	(1,752,625)	(1,088,537)

The following table reconciles capital expenditures on property, plant and equipment and exploration and evaluation assets as disclosed in the condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows:

(\$)	2014	Three Months Ended March 31 2013
Additions to property, plant and equipment (PP&E) ⁽¹⁾	(1,841,469)	(5,796)
Additions to exploration and evaluation assets (E&E) (Note 6)	(90,519)	(474,424)
Total PP&E and E&E additions	(1,931,988)	(480,220)

(1) Includes petroleum and natural gas asset additions and corporate asset additions (Note 7)

Other cash flow information:

(\$)	2014	Three Months Ended March 31 2013
Interest paid	(182,976)	(53,873)

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On July 5, 2012, Legacy Oil + Gas Inc. ("Legacy") and the Company entered into a management, technical and administrative services agreement whereby the Company is managed by Legacy's current management team and staff, in exchange for a monthly fee of \$167,000 excluding GST. The management fee charged to the Company by Legacy is for the provision of management and administrative services and is intended to cover the cost of administrative expense and salary costs incurred by Legacy. Under the terms of the service agreement, Legacy invoiced the Company \$526,050 during the three months ended March 31, 2014 (2013 - \$526,050) of which \$175,350 was payable as at March 31, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$nil). In relation to capital and operations activity, the Company has a net trade payable to Legacy of \$2,185,174 as at March 31, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$1,922,598), which includes the management fee discussed above.

The Company incurred fees of \$154,911 for corporate and legal services rendered by law firms (2013 - \$41,126), which a board member and the Corporate Secretary are partners of, for the three months ended March 31, 2014. At March 31, 2014, \$162,566 was payable (2013 - \$35,804). These fees were incurred in the normal course of business under similar terms and conditions as transactions with unrelated companies.

These related party transactions are measured at the agreed exchange amount and settled in cash.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Drilling commitments

The Company is committed to drill a minimum of two wells on its Alberta Bakken properties located on the lands of the Blood Tribe First Nation in each of the years ending September 30, 2014 and 2015, to a minimum of 1,000 metres total depth or 5 metres into the Devonian formation, whichever first occurs.

Service Agreement

Legacy and LGX entered into a management, technical and administrative services agreement whereby LGX is managed by Legacy's current management team and staff as of July 5, 2012, in exchange for a monthly fee of \$167,000 (Note 16). The agreement will continue until terminated by either party with 90 days' notice.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

OFFICERS

Trent J. Yanko
President + Chief Executive Officer

Matt Janisch
Vice President, Finance + Chief Financial Officer

Curtis Labelle
Vice President, Production

Dale Mennis
Vice President, Land

Mark Oliver
Vice President, Exploration

William Wee
Vice President, Operations

Curt Ziemer
Vice President, Accounting

Mark Franko
Corporate Secretary

DIRECTORS

James Pasieka
Chairman

Chris Bloomer ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Daryl Gilbert ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Jim Welykochy ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Trent J. Yanko

⁽¹⁾ Member of Audit Committee

⁽²⁾ Member of Reserves Committee

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STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V")
Trading Symbol: OIL